



Best Practice in the Prevention of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia

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Nosocomial Pneumonia

HAP : Hospital-Acquired Pneumonia

VAP : Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia

HCAP : Healthcare-Associated Pneumonia

Hospital-Acquired Pneumonia (HAP)

HAP is defined as pneumonia that occurs 48 hours or more after admission, which was not incubating at the time of admission.

Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia (VAP)

VAP refers to pneumonia that arises more than 48-72 hours after endotracheal intubation.

Early-onset : VAP arising in the first 4 days after ET intubation

Late-onset : VAP which occurs 5 days or more after ET intubation

Healthcare-Associated Pneumonia (HCAP)

HCAP includes any patient who was hospitalized in acute care hospital for two or more days within 90 days of the infection

- a nursing home
- long-term care facility
- received recent IV antibiotic therapy chemotherapy, wound care within 30 days of the current infection